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NETHERTHORPE SCHOOL

CCTV POLICY

Governing Body Approval Date: 4 November 2019

Review Date: November 2021

INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this policy is to regulate the management, operation and use of the CCTV system at Netherthorpe School.

Objectives of the CCTV System

- To increase personal safety of staff, students and visitors and reduce the fear of crime (Safeguarding arrangements).
- To protect the school building and its assets.
- To support the Police in a bid to deter and detect crime.
- To assist in identifying, apprehending and prosecuting offenders.
- To protect members of the public and private property.
- To assist in managing the school.

DATA PROTECTION ACT & CCTV STANDARDS

Netherthorpe School has chosen to use CCTV (Closed circuit television) in various areas across the school including all external entrances and identified areas within the building. The Data Protection Act 1998, and Regulation of Investigatory Powers Act 2000 (RIPA) and CCTV Code of Practice issued by the Information Commissioner explains how CCTV systems should be used, so that schools and individuals can enjoy security and safety whilst ensuring that individual rights are upheld. Netherthorpe complies with the Code and adopts good standards of practice which helps towards realising this objective.

Use of CCTV can be affected by a number of Acts including the General Data Protection Regulation, the Human Rights Act and the Regulation of Investigatory Powers Act (RIPA). Failure to comply with these Acts or the related codes would cause the school to be in breach of the law, render any evidence as inadmissible or carry penalties for the school, as the CCTV user, or individual members of staff.

Key staff have been provided with the necessary induction in the use of the CCTV systems and only those members of staff have access to the recordings within the system. (in the case of both named staff below not being able to access recordings in a timely fashion this will be delegated to an **authorised** member of staff but only in such circumstances).

- Mr R Sleight (Network Manager)
- Mr T Castelluccio (Technical Services Coordinator)

Members of the school's Senior Leadership Team are able to view live footage for health and safety reasons but are unable to access the recordings except for circumstances where CCTV footage may be used in disciplinary incidents. Likewise, external parties including but not limited to Governors may also request access to recordings where CCTV footage is being used in disciplinary cases; access to be granted at the SLT's agreement and discretion in accordance with data protection policies.

Members of staff must ask the Senior Leadership Team for permission before any CCTV footage is viewed.

The school has undertaken the following checklist to ensure that the CCTV system remains within the law and that images can be used for crime prevention.

- Significant signage is found in prominent positions in all areas where CCTV
 cameras operate to inform staff, students and the general public that they
 are entering an area where their images are being recorded either as still or
 video footage.
- The school retains the right to be the data controller for all footage recorded through the use of its CCTV cameras.
- The equipment is sited so that it monitors only those spaces that are intended to be covered by the equipment.
- All operators (staff who operate and monitor CCTV) are aware of the purposes for which the system has been established.
- Operators are aware that they are only able to use the equipment in order to achieve the purposes for which it has been installed i.e. safeguarding and the prevention and monitoring of vandalism.
- The images are stored in a secure place for 30 days.

Code of Practice

- This CCTV Policy will be reviewed every 2 years.
- The CCTV system is owned and operated by the school.
- The footage may only be viewed by authorised members of staff and Governors as listed above.
- Images required as evidence will be removed from the CCTV system and stored in a secure location.

Breaches of the code

- Any breach of the Code of Practice by the school will be initially investigated by the Headteacher, in order for the appropriate disciplinary action to be taken.
- Any serious breach of the Code of Practice will be immediately investigated and an independent investigation carried out to make recommendations on how to remedy the breach.

Access by the data

The Data Protection Act provides data subjects (individuals to whom 'personal data' relates) with a right to access data held about themselves, including that obtained by CCTV. Requests for data subject access should be made in writing to the Headteacher.

The following Do's and Dont's are advised as part of the Data Protection Policy and are adhered to by the school.

Do

- Ensure CCTV is the only viable option to achieve the stated purpose.
- Formally assess the appropriateness of and reasons for, using CCTV.
- Consult the relevant parties involved.
- Undertake regular reviews of both the use of the CCTV system and the procedures to ensure compliance with the law.

- Ensure that film / images are not kept for longer than necessary at the moment the data retention is for 30 days.
- Process (working with, using, passing on data) images in a lawful manner.
- At the point of obtaining images provide:
 - The identity of the data controller (name and address of school).
 - The identity of the representative the data controller has nominated for the purposes of the Data Protection Act.
 - The purpose or purposes for which the images are intended to be used and any information which is necessary.
- Establish and document the person(s) who are responsible for ensuring day to day compliance with the requirement of the Code of Practice.
- Make certain there are procedures for dealing with police enquiries, i.e. access under the Data Protection Act or removal of evidence under Police and Criminal Evidence Act.

Don't

- Film areas that could amount to an infringement of personal privacy.
- Ignore subject access requests (an individual's written request to access information about themselves under the Data Protection Act). A person identifiable on CCTV images may be entitled to view the footage and may make a request to do so.
- Use CCTV footage for any other purpose other than for what it was originally used e.g. Prevention and detection of a crime.
- Use covert (i.e. where it is calculated to ensure that the persons are unaware) monitoring without seeking legal advice.
- Use inadequate equipment. Blurred or indistinct images could constitute as inadequate data, whilst poorly maintained equipment may not provide legally sound evidence.
- Disclose data to third parties, unless it is lawful to do so.
- Systematically monitor people by use of CCTV.